**Instruction: Question No. 1 to 30**

**Choose the correct sentence:** Each question has four options, each being a sentence. Out of the given choices choose the grammatically correct option as your answer.

1. A. When he came to my home, I had already left for the market.

B. When he had come to my home, I had already left for the market.

C. When he came to my home, I have already left for the market.

D. When he came to my home, I already leave for the market.

ANS-A

1. A. I had eaten dinner, so I was feeling hungry.

B. I have eaten dinner, so I wasn’t feeling hungry.

C. I eat dinner, so I wasn’t feeling hungry.

D. I had eaten dinner, so I wasn’t feeling hungry.

ANS-D

1. A. When he graduated, he had been in London for six years.

B. When he graduated, he was in London for six years.

C. When he graduates, he had been in London for six years.

D. When he graduates, he has been in London for six years.

ANS-A

1. A. I have known Julie since ten years.

B. I know Julie for ten years.

C. I have known Julie for ten years.

D. I know Julie since ten years.

ANS-C

1. A. I had never been to London.

B. I have never been to London.

C. I never been to London.

D. I did never been to London.

ANS-B

1. A. I haven’t seen her this month.

B. I haven’t see her this month.

C. I haven’t saw her this month.

D. I didn’t see her this month.

ANS-A

1. A. I have lost my keys, so I needed to arrange for duplicate keys.

B. I lost my keys, so I need to arrange for duplicate keys.

C. I have lost my keys, so I need to arrange for duplicate keys.

D. I lost my keys, so I will need to arrange for duplicate keys.

ANS-C

1. A. We spend a lot of time in Japan last year.

B. We had spent a lot of time in Japan last year.

C. We have spent a lot of time in Japan last year.

D. We spent a lot of time in Japan last year.

ANS-D

1. A. I lost my keys yesterday, for I was careless.

B. I have lost my keys yesterday, for I was careless.

C. I lose my keys yesterday, for I was careless.

D. I had lost my keys yesterday, for I was careless.

ANS-A

1. A. I had been making a cake, that is why the kitchen is in such a mess.

B. I am making a cake, that is why the kitchen is in such a mess.

C. I have made a cake, that is why the kitchen is in such a mess.

D. I have been making a cake, that is why the kitchen is in such a mess.

ANS-D

1. A. I have been here since hours.

B. I had been here for hours.

C. I am here for hours.

D. I have been here for hours.

ANS-D

1. A. I was going to the gym a lot recently.

B. I had been going to the gym a lot recently.

C. I have been going to the gym a lot recently.

D. I will have been going to the gym a lot recently.

ANS- C

1. A. I am going to make dinner after I will watch the news.

B. I was going to make dinner after I watch the news.

C. I am going to make dinner after I watch the news.

D. I have been going to make dinner after I watch the news.

ANS-C

1. A. You always losing your keys!

B. You are always losing your keys!

C. You had always losing your keys!

D. You had always been losing your keys!

ANS-B

1. A. My plane leaves tonight at 8:00 PM.

B. My plane leave tonight at 8:00 PM.

C. My plane has left tonight at 8:00 PM.

D. My plane leave tonight at 8:00 PM.

ANS-A

1. A. In our school, each student work hard to get good marks.

B. In our school, each students works hard to get good marks.

C. In our school, each student works hard to get good marks.

D. In our school, each students work hard to get good marks.

ANS-C

1. A. The people who listen to the classical music is few.

B. The people who listens to the classical music are few.

C. The people who listen to the classical music are few.

D. The people who listens to the classical music is few.

ANS-C

1. A. None of my friends approaches me for monetary help.

B. None of my friends approach me for monetary help.

C. None of my friend approach me for monetary help.

D. One of my friends approach me for monetary help.

ANS-B

1. A. All of the problems has been resolved.

B. All of the problem have been resolved.

C. All of the problem has been resolved.

D. All of the problems has been resolved.

ANS-C

1. A. Raghav as well as his parents does not like visiting new places.

B. Raghav as well as his parents do not like visiting new places.

C. Raghav and his parents does not like visiting new places.

D. Raghav and his parents do not likes visiting new places.

ANS-A

1. A. Neither John nor his teachers knows about his exam result.

B. Neither John nor his teachers know about his exam result.

C. Neither John nor his teachers known about his exam result.

D. Neither John nor his teacher know about his exam result.

ANS-B

1. A. After the dark of night comes the rays of light.

B. After the dark of night come the rays of light.

C. After the dark of night come the ray of light.

D. The dark of night come after the rays of light.

ANS-B

1. A. The jury were not able to come to a conclusion as there wasn’t an agreement among many of their members.

B. The jury was not able to come to a conclusion as there wasn’t an agreement among many of its members.

C. The jury was not able to come to a conclusion as there wasn’t an agreement among many of their members.

D. The jury were not able to come to a conclusion as there wasn’t an agreement among many of its members.

ANS- A

1. A. Physics is one of the subjects that is both important and interesting.

B. Physics is one of the subject that are both important and interesting.

C. Physics is one of the subjects that are both important and interesting.

D. Physics is one of the subject that is both important and interesting.

ANS-C

1. A. Of all the European cities, London is the only one which attracts immigrants from all over the world.

B. Of all the European cities, London is the only one which attract immigrants from all over the world.

C. Of all the European city, London is the only one which attracts immigrants from all over the world.

D. Of all the European city, London is the only one which attracts immigrants from all over the world.

ANS-A

1. A. I suggest that Rohan reaches on time.

B. I suggest that Rohan reached on time.

C. I suggests that Rohan reach on time.

D. I suggest that Rohan reach on time.

ANS-D

1. A. Knowing your enemies and friends well helps you achieve more in life.

B. Knowing your enemies and friends well help you achieve more in life.

C. Knowing your enemies and friends well helps one achieve more in life.

D. Knowing your enemies and friends well help one achieve more in life.

ANS- A

1. A. A number of option have to be discussed in today’s meeting.

B. A number of option has to be discussed in today’s meeting.

C. A number of options has to be discussed in today’s meeting.

D. A number of options have to be discussed in today’s meeting.

ANS- D

1. A. The number of people living in this city are increasing every day.

B. The number of people living in this city is increasing every day.

C. The numbers of people living in this city is increasing every day.

D. The numbers of people living in this city are increasing every day.

ANS-B

1. A. The student but not the teacher were against the proposed changes in the time-table.

A. The students but not the teacher was against the proposed changes in the time-table.

A. The students but not the teachers were against the proposed changes in the time-table.

A. The student and the teacher was against the proposed changes in the time-table.

ANS-C

**Instruction: Question No. 31 to 40**

**Reading Comprehension:**  Two passages are given below. Each passage has 5 questions based on it. Read the passage to answer the questions related to that passage.

**Passage 1:**

The hotel functions as a cultural centre and we were taken to a horse race in an alpine Khampa village. With us was a Swiss Tibetan who took us to visit a handsome house of mud, stone and colourful lintels. We entered a courtyard full of slush and yak manure and climbed the wooden stairs to the cavernous rooms upstairs. **Mao’s visage** on the obligatory calendar smiled down on us through the smoke as we sat sipping yak butter tea around a huge stove, but pictures of Dalai Lama are also seen placed discreetly behind other objects. The Sumetseleng is now being rebuilt and can have upto 800 monks. Many of them have returned from India. Out of nostalgia perhaps they encouraged the jade shop outside to play loud Hindi music.

1. This is probably a piece from a
2. Crime novel
3. History book
4. Travelogue
5. Romance

Ans: C

1. Which of the following is false
2. The author is alone before meeting the Swiss Tibetan
3. The author has tea at a house
4. The author went for a race
5. None of the above.

Ans: A

1. By "Mao’s visage", the author is referring to ,
2. A person named Mao
3. Mao’s picture
4. Mao’s age
5. None of the above

Ans: B

1. The house which the author visits has
2. Pictures of Mao and Dalai Lama
3. A picture of Mao only
4. A picture of Dalai Lama only
5. Pictures of neither

Ans: A

1. The Sumetseleng monastery can has monks
2. who have returned from India
3. Who play loud Hindi music.
4. Have a jade shop
5. None of the above

Ans: A

**Passage 2:**

As comprehensive socialism has diminished an opposing doctrine has emerged in 90s. This is privatisation. As a broad rule, privatisation ranks with socialism in irrelevance. There is a large area of economic activity in which the market is and should be unchallenged. Equally there is a large range of activities that increases with increasing economic activity where the services and functions of the state are either necessary or superior. Privatisation is not any better as a controlling guide to public action than is socialism. In both the cases the primary service of the doctrine is in providing escape from thought. In a good society there is in these matters one dominant rule: Decisions must be made on the social and economic merits of the case. This is not the age of doctrine. This is the age of practical judgement.

1. The author is
2. anti- socialism
3. anti-privatisation
4. calls for a balance between both
5. None of the above

Ans: C

1. The following statement is false
2. Socialism has disappeared
3. Privatization can’t be used in all areas
4. Privatisation and socialism are opposing doctrines
5. All of the above

Ans: A

1. The piece was written in the
2. 1960s
3. 1970s
4. 1990s
5. 1950s

Ans: C

1. In a good society, decisions are made based on
2. ad-hoc
3. on cash flows
4. on economic and social merits of cases
5. on economic value

Ans: C

1. In this passage the central idea is of the
2. Theory of ideologies
3. forms of governments
4. Relevance of socialism even today
5. Economic activities

Ans: C